JAIIB



Accounting & Financial Management for Bankers

Module A : Chapter 6 Depreciation



WHAT IS DEPRECIATION?

that can



Depreciation [\ di-'prē-shē-,ā-shun] An accounting method used to allocate the cost of a tangible or physical asset over its useful life.

Depreciation is a reduction in the value of asset.

Tangible assets

Value decline is gradual and continuous.

Provide economic

benefit for more

than a year

and

Value declines due to its use and wear-tear.

Gradually decrease in

value over time

Depreciation is part of operating cost.





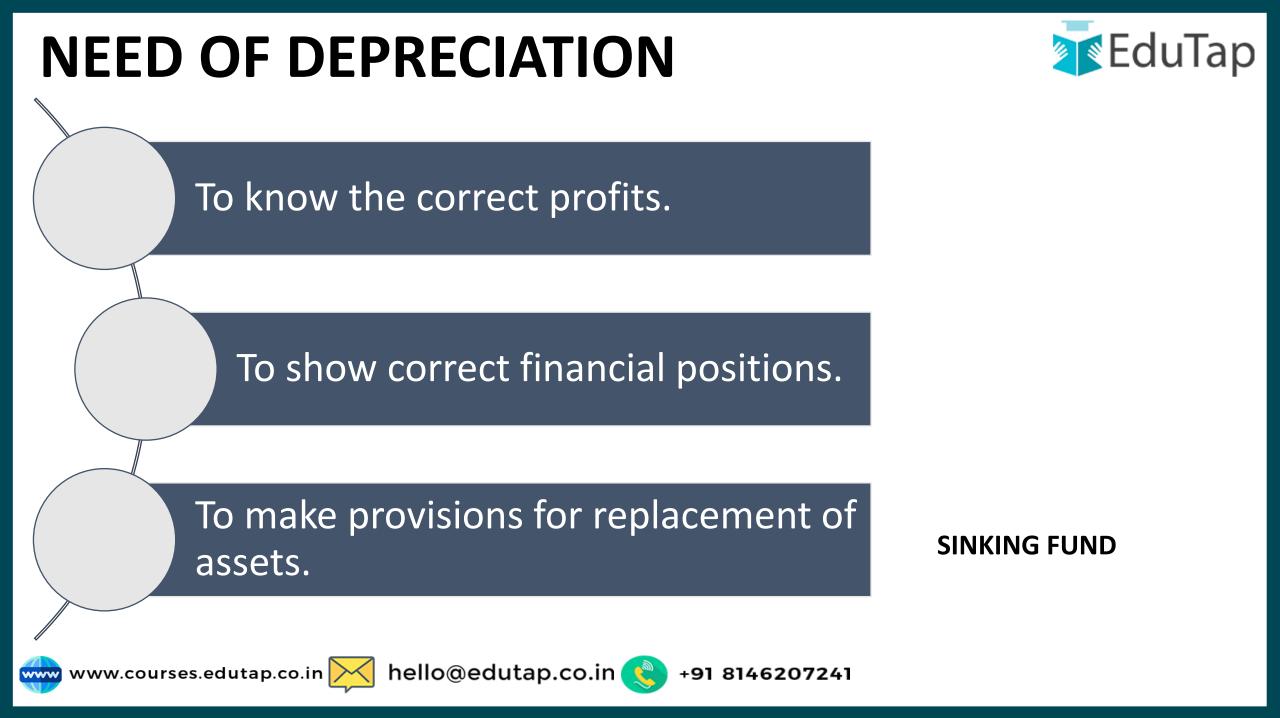
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CAUSES OF DEPRECIATION







FACTORS OF DEPRECIATION





Estimated Residual or Scrap Value

Estimated number of years of useful life.



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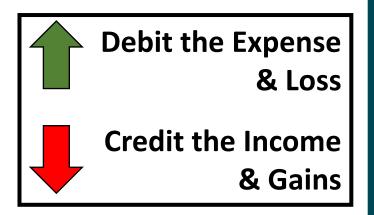
ACCOUNTING TREATMENT OF DEPRECIATION

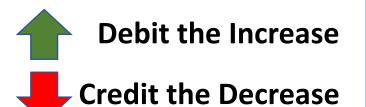
• Depreciation is an Expense (nominal) Account.

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Particulars	L.F.	Dr.	Cr.
Depreciation a/c Dr To Asset a/c (Being depreciation of the asset for 'Time period'.)		ХХ	xx

- At end of accounting period, balance in Depreciation account goes to debit of Profit & Loss Account.
- The reduced value of the asset is shown in balance sheet.







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DEPRECIATION or AMORTISATION





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- Amortisation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an intangible asset over its useful life.
- This Standard defines intangible asset as, " an identifiable non monetary asset without physical substance".

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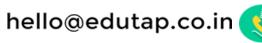
LET'S SOLVE!



Which one of the following statements is not correct?

- a) Depreciation is a non-cash expense.
- b) Depreciation is the process of valuation of assets.
- c) The main cause of depreciation is wear and tear caused by usage.
- d) Depreciation must be charged so as to ascertain true profit or loss of a business.









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